

Message Text

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TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 3744

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USMISSION NATO PRIORITY

AMCONSUL HONG KONG PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY PARIS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY LAGOS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY VIENNA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY BRASILIA

AMEMBASSY LISBON

AMEMBASSY LONDON

AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI

AMEMBASSY NICOSIA

AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

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TAGS: OGEN

SUBJ: USUN UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARY NO. 50

SECURITY COUNCIL -- SPANISH SAHARA

SC. MEETING URGENTLY LATE NOV. 6 AFTER BEING INFORMED BY SPAIN THAT "LARGE CONTINGENTS OF MOROCCAN NATIONALS" HAD CROSSED THE BORDER INTO WESTERN SAHARA, ADOPTED BY CONSENSUS A DRAFT RESOLUTION (S/11870) WHICH CALLED ON MOROCCO IMMEDIATELY TO WITHDRAW ALL PARTICIPANTS IN THE MARCH FROM THE TERRITORY OF WESTERN SAHARA. UNDER ITS TERMS, THE SC NOTED "WITH GRAVE CONCERN" THAT THE SITUATION HAD "SERIOUSLY DETERIORATED" AND EXPRESSED REGRET THAT DESPITE THE COUNCIL'S EARLIER RESOLUTION ON THIS QUESTION AND THE APPEAL TO KING HASSAN II, "THE SAID MARCH HAS TAKEN PLACE." IT ALSO CALLED ON THE "PARTIES CONCERNED AND INTERESTED" TO COOPERATE FULLY WITH THE SYG. SYG WALDHEIM, AFTER THE ADOPTION OF THE RESOLUTION, SAID HE WOULD CONTINUE TO MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO CONTRIBUTE TO A PEACEFUL SOLUTION AND HOPED THAT "WE WILL BE ABLE TO DEFUSE, THROUG OUR JOINT ACTION, A SITUATION WHICH CONTINUES TO BE VERY SERIOUS AND GRAVE." STATEMENTS WERE MADE BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF SPAIN, MOROCCO, ALGERIA, MAURITANIA AND THE SOVIET UNION. PRESIDENT MALIK (USSR) ANNOUNCED THAT FURTHER CONSULTATIONS WOULD BE HELD ON WHAT ADDITIONAL MEASURES THE SC MIGHT TAKE IN THE LIGHT OF FURTHER INFORMATION RECEIVED.

AT EARLIER CLOSED MEETING, THE COUNCIL DECIDED (AT 3:15 A.M.) TO AUTHORIZE ITS PRESIDENT TO SEND AN URGENT APPEAL TO KING HASSAN "TO PUT AN END FORTHWITH TO THE DECLARED MARCH THROUGH WESTERN SAHARA." JUST BEFORE THE EVENING MEETING, THE SC PRESIDENT CIRCULATED THE TEXT OF THE KING'S REPLY, STATING THAT "THE MARCH HAS IN FACT ALREADY BEGUN THIS MORNING." AT THE OUTSET, BEFORE THE RESOLUTION WAS ADOPTED WITHOUT A VOTE, THE PRESIDENT EXPLAINED THAT THE TEXT WAS THE RESULT OF INTENSIVE CONSULTATIONS.

SPAIN (ARIAS-SALGADO), STATING THERE WAS STILL TIME TO AVERT A CATASTROPHY, CALLED ON THE SC TO CONDEMN THE MARCH AND DEMAND THAT MOROCCO WITHDRAW THE MARCHERS, COOPERATE WITH THE SYG, AND END ITS ILLEGAL OCCUPATION OF TERRITORY
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THAT DID NOT BELONG TO IT. WITHDRAWAL OF THE MARCHERS WAS A SINE QUA NON FOR A PEACEFUL SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM OF DECOLONIZATION OF WESTERN SAHARA; THE PEOPLE MUST BE ENABLED TO EXERCISE THEIR RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION. HE FELT THERE WAS A "CERTAIN INCONSISTENCY" IN THE RESOLUTION AND THAT IT DID NOT MAKE CLEAR THE "UNLAWFULNESS" OF THE MOROCCAN ACTION, BUT HE HOPED MOROCCO WOULD COMPLY.

MOROCCO (SLAOUI) SAID MOROCCO, WHICH WAS DETERMINED TO USE PEACEFUL MEANS TO SETTLE ITS DIFFERENCES WITH SPAIN, HAD EXERCISED ITS RIGHTS; THE UN COULD NOT IGNORE MOROCCO'S RIGHTS WITHOUT VIOLATING ITS CHARTER. MOROCCO HAD FULL RIGHTS TO RECOVER THE TERRITORY AND THE STRUGGLE WAS MORE IMPORTANT THAN ANY REFERENDUM. HE STATED THAT THE ICJ HAD ESTABLISHED TIES OF LOYALTY REGARDING MOROCCO AND MAURITANIA AND WESTERN SAHARA; SAID THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF WESTERN SAHARA HAD UNANIMOUSLY STATED THAT THE PEOPLE WANTED TO BE A PART OF MOROCCO; AND REPORTED THAT THE AMBASSADORS OF GABON, IRAQAN SAUDI ARABIA, JORDAN AND QATAR HAD PARTICIPATED IN THE MARCH. HE CLAIMED THE CONTENTS OF THE SPANISH LETTER WERE "PURELY FICTIONAL," AND SAID THE SPANISH AMBASSADOR HAD BEEN TOLD THAT MOROCCO WAS PREPARED TO RESUME THE DIALOGUE "FULL STOP." THE SPANISH REPRESENTATIVE THEN COMMENTED THAT IF THE SITUATION WAS AS DESCRIBED PERHAPS THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE MARCHERS MIGHT START TOMORROW.

ALGERIA (RAHAL) WONDERED ABOUT THE PURPOSE OF THE PRESENT MEETING. THE SC WAS NOT CONSIDERING THE VALIDITY OF TERRITORIAL CLAIMS; THE ICJ HAD NOT BEEN CONVINCED BY CLAIMS MENTIONED; AND THE SC TOOK DECISIONS BEFORE HEARING THE INTERESTED PARTIES. HE SAID THAT SOVEREIGNTY REMAINED IN THE HANDS OF THE PEOPLES OF WESTERN SAHARA, AND ANY CROSSING OF FRONTIERS THAT WAS CONTRARY TO THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE OR THE ADMINISTERING POWER WAS A TERRITORIAL VIOLATION AND BY DEFINITION IT COULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A PEACEFUL MARCH. THE SC NOW KNEW THAT "THE INVASION OF THE MOROCCAN MARCHERS WILL CONTINUE," THERE WILL BE CLASHES RESULTING IN DEATHS AND "GREATER TENSION AND DANGER FOR THE ENTIRE REGION. HE ASKED WHY THE COUNCIL, KNOWING HOW THE SITUATION UNCLASSIFIED

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WOULD DEVELOP, HAD BEEN SO TIMID. IT SHOULD TAKE THE NECESSARY CHARTER MEASURES OR SAY IT COULD NOT ACT. THE MOROCCAN POLICY WAS ONE OF FAIT ACCOMPLI; HOWEVER, WHAT WAS REQUIRED WAS RESPECT FOR INTERNATIONAL LAW. "IF THE SC CANNOT OR WILL NOT EXERCISE ITS RESPONSIBILITIES, MY GOVERNMENT WILL BE COMPELLED TO ASSUME ITS RESPONSIBILITIES," RAHAL DECLARED. HE ADDED: "THE ALGERIANS WILL NOT RECOGNIZE ANY SOLUTION TO THE DECOLONIZATION OF WESTERN SAHARA THAT MIGHT OCCUR OUTSIDE THE UN, AND PARTICULAR RESOLUTIONS OF THE GA, THAT DOES NOT INVOLVE ALL THE INTERESTED PARTIES."

MALIK DEFENDING THE COUNCIL, SAID THE ALGERIAN REPRESENTATIVE USED "VERY STRONG WORDS" IN SPEAKING OF THE SC. IF THE SC AGREED, HE WOULD PROPOSE HOLDING FURTHER CONSULTATIONS

AFTER THIS MEETING ON WHAT ADDITIONAL MEASURES MIGHT BE
TAKEN. (INFORMAL CONSULTATIONS WERE BEGUN IMMEDIATELY AFTER
THE MEETING.)

THE MOROCCAN REPRESENTATIVE ACCUSED THE ALGERIAN OF
SPEAKING IMPRUDENTLY "IN CALLING FOR CONDEMNATIONS WHICH
WOULD CLOSE THE DOOR TO SOLUTIONS PREVENTING THE WORST
FROM OCCURRING." THE MAURITANIAN REPRESENTATIVE SAID THESE
MEETINGS WOULD NOT BE NECESSARY IF THIS WERE A CLASSIC
PROBLEM OF DECOLONIZATION; THE PROBLEM WAS OF CONCERN BECAUSE
OF ITS COMPLEXITY AND EXPLOSIVENESS. MAURITANIA WAS PREPARED
TO COOPERATE WITH THE SYG AND TO START NEGOTIATIONS WITH
SPAIN ON A SETTLEMENT THAT WOULD HELP THE GA IN ITS FUTURE
ACTION ON DECOLONIZATION OF THE TERRITORY. ALGERIAN
REPRESENTATIVE CALLED ON MOROCCO TO ACCEPT A SOLUTION
BASED ON THE RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION.

MALIK, SPEAKING AS SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE, EXPRESSED
DEEP REGRET THAT SC RESOLUTIONS 377 AND 379 HAD NOT YET
BEEN IMPLEMENTED, AND REGRETTED THE MARCH WAS CARRIED
OUT DESPITE THE SC PRESIDENT'S APPEAL TO KING HASSAN.
THE MATTER SHOULD BE SETTLED PEACEFULLY IN ACCORD WITH
THE UN DECLARATION ON DECOLONIZATION, HE SAID, CALLING
FOR CESSATION OF UNILATERAL ACTIVITIES AND WITHDRAWAL
OF THE MARCH.

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GA PLENARY -- PALESTINE
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THE GA HEARD STATEMENTS ON PALESTINE BY BYELORUSSIA, QATAR, MALI, ROMANIA, TURKEY, FINLAND, OMAN, AFGHANISTAN, ALBANIA, MADAGASCAR, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, PLO (THIRD TIME), COSTA RICA, PAKISTAN, SOMALIA AND TUNISIA ON NOVEMBER 6.

BYELORUSSIA (GURINOVICH) STATED THAT ONLY PEACE AND COOPERATION WITH ONE'S NEIGHBORS COULD CREATE SAFE BOUNDARIES. HE WARNED THAT PARTIAL MEASURES CAN NEVER RESULT IN PEACE, CALLED FOR A SPEEDY AND RADICAL SETTLEMENT ON THE BASIS OF SC AND GA DECISIONS ALONG WITH THE RESUMPTION OF THE GENEVA CONFERENCE WITH PLO PARTICIPATION. HE ALSO URGED THE UN TO FORCE ISRAEL TO ABIDE BY THE GA RESOLUTION CONFIRMING PALESTINIAN RIGHTS. QATAR (JAMAL) TERMED ZIONISM "AN IMITATION NATIONALISM," AND STATED THAT JUDAISM HAD NO MORE LINKS TO PALESTINE THAN OTHER RELIGIONS. HE NOTED THAT THE GA HAD RECOGNIZED THAT THE PALESTINIANS, REPRESENTED BY THE PLO, COULD USE ALL MEANS AT THEIR DISPOSAL TO ATTAIN THEIR RIGHTS, AND QATAR SUPPORTED THEIR STRUGGLE FOR "THE TERMINATION OF ISRAELI ZIONIST AGGRESSION AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A SECULAR, DEMOCRATIC STATE IN THEIR HOMELAND."

MALI (TRAORE) STATED THAT THE UN WAS COMMITTED TO SOLVING THIS PROBLEM, BUT THIS COULD NOT BE ACHIEVED ONLY BY STATEMENTS

OF PRINCIPLE. HE CALLED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMMITTEE TO OVERSEE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF GA RESOLUTION 3236 (XXIX), AND WAS SURE THAT THE GA WOULD FULFILL ITS RESPONSIBILITIES TO PUT THAT RESOLUTION INTO EFFECT. ROMANIA (DATCU) SAID THAT THIS DEBATE WAS A RECOGNITION OF THE UN'S ROLE IN A MIDDLE EAST SETTLEMENT, AND NOTED THAT HIS STATE HAD BEEN ONE OF THE FIRST TO RECOGNIZE THE PLO AS THE SOLE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE PALESTINIANS, STATING THAT THERE WERE "LINKS OF FRIENDSHIP AND SOLIDARITY" BETWEEN THE ROMANIANS AND PALESTINIANS, CITING RECENT TALKS BETWEEN CEAUSESCU AND ARAFAT. HE CALLED FOR THE FORMATION OF AN INDEPENDENT PALESTINIAN STATE AND PLO PARTICIPATION IN THE GENEVA CONFERENCE. TURKEY (TURKMEN) STATED THAT GA RESOLUTION 3626 (XXIX) CONSTITUTED THE BASIS FOR A MIDDLE EAST SETTLEMENT, AND CALLED ON THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY TO ASSURE THE PALESTINIANS THE RIGHT TO LIVE IN THEIR OWN COUNTRY.

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FINLAND (KARHILO) STATED THAT ISRAEL SHOULD WITHDRAW FROM THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES BUT NOTED THAT ALL STATES OF THE REGION, INCLUDING ISRAEL, HAVE THE RIGHT TO LIVE IN PEACE. A DURABLE PEACE WOULD NOT BE POSSIBLE IN PALESTINE UNLESS JUSTICE WAS DONE TO ITS ORIGINAL INHABITANTS. THIS, AND NOT THE QUESTION OF BORDERS, LAY AT THE HEART OF THE CONFLICT. OMAN (HARGAS) TERMED LAST YEAR'S GA RESOLUTION A "HISTORIC TURNING POINT" IN THE UN'S APPROACH TO PALESTINE, AND CALLED PLO PARTICIPATION IN THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ESSENTIAL. AS THE PLO REP STATED, THERE COULD BE NO PEACE WITHOUT TOTAL RECOGNITION OF PALESTINIAN NATIONAL RIGHTS.

AFGHANISTAN (MALIKYAR) SAID THE MIDDLE EAST PROBLEM COULD NOT BE SOLVED UNLESS ALL THE PALESTINIANS' RIGHTS, INCLUDING THE RIGHT TO RETURN TO THEIR HOMELAND, WERE RESTORED. THE CONTINUATION OF THE PRESENT SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST WAS A THREAT TO PEACE IN THAT AREA. ALBANIA (NACO) CHARGED THAT THE US WAS THE INSTIGATOR OF ISRAEL'S CRIMINAL ACTS, AS WITHOUT US SUPPORT ISRAEL WOULD NOT HAVE DARED TO ACT AS IT DID. ISRAEL HAD ALSO BEEN ASSISTED BY THE USSR, PARTICULARLY THROUGH THE INFLUX OF SOVIET JEWS. THERE WAS A CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE PALESTINIANS BETWEEN THE US AND USSR. OIL AND EARNINGS FROM ARMS SALES DICTATE SOVIET-AMERICAN POLICIES IN THE MIDDLE EAST. THE US AND USSR DO NOT WISH PEACE, BUT CONTINUE TO DIVIDE THE ARAB PEOPLE AND CONTINUE THE NO-WAR, NO-PEACE SITUATION.

MADAGASCAR (RABETAFIKA) CALLED FOR THE UN TO RECOGNIZE THE RIGHTS OF THE PALESTINIANS AND MAINTAIN THAT THE CONTINUOUS EXISTENCE OF ONE STATE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE REASON FOR NOT RECOGNIZING THE EXISTENCE OF ANOTHER. THE SOVEREIGNTY OF PEOPLE CAN NOT BE NEGOTIATED. THE DRAFT RESOLUTION WOULD

ENABLE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A MORE EFFECTIVE GUARANTEE OF PALESTINIANS RIGHTS AND SELF-DETERMINATION. CZECHOSLOVAKIA (HULINSKY) SET FORTH THE BLOC LINE AGAINST ISRAEL AND CALLED FOR ALL THOSE INVOLVED IN THE CONFLICT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE GENEVA CONFERENCE AND SEEK A COMPREHENSIVE SOLUTION.

PLO OBSERVER AQL CHARGED THAT ISRAEL, AS A COLONIAL-SETTLER REGIME, POSSESSED NEITHER "DIGNITY NOR SHAME" AND AWAITED EXPULSION FROM THE RANKS OF THE CIVILIZED. THE LIBERATION OF PALESTINE WOULD SOLVE THE NATIONAL PROBLEM AND ALSO UNCLASSIFIED

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LIBERATE JEWS FROM THE "OPPRESSION OF ZIONISM AND ITS TYRANNY." THE PALESTINIAN ALTERNATIVE TO A ZIONIST ISRAEL WOULD ENABLE PEOPLE -- IRRESPECTIVE OF FAITH, NATIONAL ORIGIN AND LANGUAGE -- TO COEXIST ON A FOOTING OF COMPLETE EQUALITY. HE ALSO EXPRESSED CONCERN ABOUT EXTERNAL THREATS TO LEBANON, WHOSE FUTURE STABILITY WOULD AID THE PALESTINIAN LIBERATION STRUGGLE. HE CALLED FOR THE UN TO IMPLEMENT RESOLUTION 3236 (XXIX) AND HONOR ITS PLEDGE TO UPHOLD THE CHARTER.

COSTA RICA (NUNEZ), A FORMER AMBASSADOR TO ISRAEL, STATED THAT ISRAEL WAS ONLY A SMALL PART OF HISTORIC PALESTINE AND ASKED WHY THE ARAB STATES ATTEMPTED TO DESTROY ISRAEL WHEN IT WAS CREATED, STATING THAT THEY DID NOT WISH TO ACCEPT AN INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATIC JEWISH STATE IN THE REGION. THE ARAB REFUGEES WERE THE PRODUCT OF THE BLINDNESS OF ARAB STATES AND THE CONSEQUENCE OF THEIR AGGRESSIONS AGAINST ISRAEL. IF THE ARABS HAD CONQUERED ISRAEL, THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN NO REFUGEES, AS NO ISRAELI WOULD HAVE BEEN LEFT ALIVE. THERE WAS NO DOUBT THAT THE PLO SOUGHT THE ELIMINATION OF ISRAEL, AND THIS WAS WHY IT DID NOT ACCEPT SC RESOLUTION 242 (1967) WHICH CALLED FOR ISRAEL TO HAVE SECURE BOUNDARIES. HE ALSO CHARGED THAT THE PLO DID NOT REPRESENT PALESTINIAN ARABS. THE CALL FOR THE EXTERMINATION OF ISRAEL WAS ONE OF THE GRAVEST CRIMES IN HISTORY, AND IT WAS A TRAGIC PARADOX THAT THE JEWISH PEOPLE, VICTIMS OF RACISM, SHOULD BE LABELLED AS RACISTS. "ANTI-ISRAELI, ANTI-ZIONIST FESTIVALS" DIVERT THE UN FROM ITS PROPER PATH.

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AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

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PAKISTAN (AKHUND) SAID THAT ARAB STRUGGLE AND UNITY

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HAD GIVEN "NEW MOMENTUM TO THE SEARCH FOR PEACE," AND NOTED THAT THREE AGREEMENTS HAD BEEN REACHED FOR MILITARY DISENGAGEMENT. HE WARNED AGAINST ATTEMPTS TO SOW DIVISIONS AMONG THE ARABS, AND STATED THAT A PARTIAL SETTLEMENT WAS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR A JUST SOLUTION, WHICH INVOLVED ISRAELI

WITHDRAWAL FROM OCCUPIED TERRITORY, INCLUDING JERUSALEM, AND THE RESTITUTION OF PALESTINIAN NATIONAL RIGHTS IN THEIR HOMELAND. HE BELIEVED THAT A REALISTIC INTERPRETATION OF SC RESOLUTIONS HAD TO BE BASED ON FULFILMENT OF PALESTINIAN NATIONAL RIGHTS, AND CALLED FOR PLO PARTICIPATION IN ANY EFFORT TO REACH AN OVER-ALL SETTLEMENT.

SOMALIA (HUSSEN) ASKED WHETHER THE ZIONIST DECISION TO ESTABLISH AN EXCLUSIVE JEWISH STATE IN PALESTINE WAS ONE THAT COULD BE SUPPORTED WITH ANY RESPECT FOR JUSTICE. WHAT BECAME OF THE BALFOUR AGREEMENT'S PROMISE THAT A JEWISH NATIONAL HOME WOULD NOT PREJUDICE THE RIGHTS OF THE EXISTING INHABITANTS? HE WARNED AGAINST ZIONIST ATTEMPTS TO EQUATE CRITICISMS OF THEIR POLICIES WITH ANTI-SEMITISM, AND CALLED ON THE UN TO REAFFIRM PALESTINIAN RIGHTS. TUNISIA (DRISS) STATED THAT NO ONE IGNORED THE EXISTENCE OF PALESTINE ANY MORE, CITING FRANCE'S DECISION TO ALLOW A PLO OFFICE IN PARIS. HE TERMED ZIONISM A POLITICAL MOVEMENT UNDER WHICH A JEWISH MINORITY EXERCISES A POLICY OF OPPRESSION, AN EXPRESSION OF ZIONIST "ENVY" TOWARDS THE ARAB PEOPLE. (REPEATED INFO AMMAN, BEIRUT, CAIRO, DAMASCUS, LONDON, TEL AVIV, JERUSALEM)

COMMITTEE 1 -- DISARMAMENT

GUATEMALAN REPRESENTATIVE TOLD COMMITTEE NOV. 6 THAT GUATEMALAN TERRITORY, BELIZE, SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM NUCLEAR TERROR. OTHER STATEMENTS ON DISARMAMENT ITEMS WERE MADE BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NETHERLANDS, JORDAN AND HUNGARY, AND INDIA, UK AND NETHERLANDS EXERCISED RIGHT OF REPLY.

NETHERLANDS (KOOIJMANS) WAS ALARMED BY THE RAPID PROGRESS AND INEVITABLE SPREAD OF ADVANCED NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY; TOOK A POSITIVE STAND TOWARD THE CREATION OF NFZ'S IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTHERN ASIA; COMMENTED THAT THE TIME

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BEFORE THE US-USSR AGREEMENT TO BAN NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS ABOVE A CERTAIN YIELD WOULD COME INTO FORCE IN MARCH 1976 WAS BEING USED FOR MORE HIGH-YIELD TESTING THAN ORIGINALLY PLANNED; AND EXPRESSED CONCERN ABOUT THE EVER-INCREASING ARMS SALES IN THE WORLD. HE SAID THE NON-PROLIFERATION REGIME WOULD BE IN DANGER UNLESS THE MAIN NUCLEAR POWERS ACCEPTED THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE NPT AND GAVE UP SOMETHING REAL AND TANGIBLE. THE NETHERLANDS SUPPORTED THE UK'S FIVE-POINT PROGRAM CONCERNING THE STRENGTHENING OF NUCLEAR SAFEGUARDS AND THE US IDEA OF SETTING UP NUCLEAR FUEL CENTERS ON A REGIONAL BASIS. GON ALSO SUGGESTED A TEMPORARY CESSATION OF WEAPON TESTS COMBINED WITH AN INTERIM

BAN ON PEACEFUL NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS.

JORDAN (SHARAF) HAD A SENSE OF VULNERABILITY TO SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY AND UNCHECKED MASSIVE FORCE, MENTIONED THE INCREDIBLE WASTE OF RESOURCES ON ARMAMENTS, AND CALLED FOR PRACTICAL MEASURES TO STRENGTHEN THE SAFEGUARDS SYSTEM. HE SAID THE GA SHOULD CALL ON ALL NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES TO REFRAIN FROM SUPPLYING ANY NUCLEAR WEAPON TO ANY STATE IN THE MIDDLE EAST WHICH HAD NOT ACCEDED TO THE NPT, AND SHOULD CALL ON ALL SUCH STATES TO REFRAIN FROM SUPPLYING ANY NUCLEAR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE OF MILITARY POTENTIAL TO ANY STATE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. NOTING SALT TALKS ACHIEVED LITTLE PROGRESS, SHARAF SAID INTERNATIONAL ATTENTION MUST BE FOCUSED ON THE GOAL OF COMPLETE CESSATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS. THE CONCEPT OF A NFZ HAD TO BE DEVELOPED IN ALL ITS LEGAL, PRACTICAL AND TECHNICAL ASPECTS. ALSO, PROGRESS HAD TO BE MADE IN CONTROLLING THE SPREAD OF INCENDIARY AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS, WHICH HAD A MORE WIDESPREAD EFFECT THAN DID THE PRESENT CONTROLLED DANGER OF NUCLEAR WAR.

HUNGARY (DOMOKOS) SAID POLITICAL DETENTE SHOULD BE SUPPLEMENTED BY MILITARY DETENTE IF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS WERE TO BE PUT ON A SOUNDER FOOTING. HUNGARY FAVORED PROHIBITION OF ENVIRONMENTAL WARFARE AND WELCOMED THE NEW SOVIET PROPOSALS FOR TOTAL PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR TESTS AND FOR PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION. IT ALSO WELCOMED THE FINAL ACT OF THE HELSINKI CONFERENCE; FELT THAT THE NPT REVIEW CONFERENCE HAD BEEN SUCCESSFUL; GENERALLY SUPPORTED NFZ'S; AND NOTED LACK OF UNCLASSIFIED

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WILL ON THE PART OF SOME WESTERN POWERS REGARDING PROHIBITION OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS.

GUATEMALA (MALDONADA AGUIRRE) STATED THAT THE NORTHEAST TERRITORY OF GUATEMALA, BELIZE, SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM NUCLEAR TERROR SINCE IT WAS UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE UK, WHICH WAS A NUCLEAR POWER, AND THERE WAS A DANGER THAT AGAINST GUATEMALA'S WILL THIS AREA COULD BECOME A NUCLEAR ARSENAL. IN SUPPORT OF A DIPLOMATIC OFFENSIVE AGAINST GUATEMALA, UK ANNOUNCED IT WOULD SEND TROOPS TO THE AREA, AND THIS WAS A SOUND REASON FOR APPROACHING PEACE AND SECURITY AS A WHOLE SINCE NO PROGRESS COULD BE MADE IF THE INTERNATIONAL LEGAL SYSTEM WAS DESTROYED.

INDIA (MISHRA), IN REPLY TO NETHERLANDS' COMMENT THAT INDIA'S EXPLOSION OF A NUCLEAR DEVICE HAD AN OMINOUS POTENTIAL, STATED INDIA'S EXPERIMENT WAS FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES. NOTING SOME SPEAKERS HAD SAID THAT UNLESS A COUNTRY ADHERED TO THE NPT OR ITS SAFEGUARDS, NO NUCLEAR EQUIPMENT SHOULD

BE PERMITTED FOR EXPORT TO THEM BY THE EXPORTING COUNTRIES,
MISHRA SAID THESE SAME COUNTRIES DENOUNCED THE OIL BOYCOTT.
HE DECLARED THAT THE SUPPLY OF RAW MATERIALS MUST NOT BE
WITHHELD ON THE BASIS OF POLITICAL CONSIDERATIONS. NETHERLANDS
REPRESENTATIVE SAID HE HAD ONLY DRAWN ATTENTION TO THE
"OMINOUS POTENTIAL," AND HE POINTED OUT THAT IT WAS NOT
POSSIBLE TO MAKE CLEAR THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN EXPLOSIONS
FOR PEACE AND THOSE FOR MILITARY PURPOSES. UK (TAYLOR)
DENIED GUATEMALA'S ALLEGATIONS CONCERNING BELIZE AND RESERVED
THE RIGHT TO REPLY MORE FULLY LATER.

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TRSE-00 NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00 PRS-01 ISO-00

SCCT-01 ABF-01 OMB-01 EUR-12 /136 W

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FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK

TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 3747

INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY

USMISSION NATO PRIORITY

AMCONSUL HONG KONG PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORITY

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AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME
AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO
AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM
AMEMBASSY TOKYO

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UNDIGEST

SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE -- APARTHEID
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THE SPC CONCLUDED CONSIDERATION OF THE ITEM ON APARTHEID AND ADOPTED A 33-POWER DRAFT (L.332) ON THE PROGRAM OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE AGAINST APARTHEID ON NOVEMBER 6. THE ROLL CALL VOTE, TAKEN AFTER THE FRG STATED THAT IT WAS UNDER INSTRUCTION NOT TO GO ALONG WITH A CONSENSUS, WAS 98-0-8 (BELGIUM, FRANCE, FRG, ISRAEL, LUXEMBOURG, NETHERLANDS, UK AND US).

IN EXPLANATION OF VOTE, CHINA (YANG MING-LIANG) EXPRESSED RESERVATIONS CONCERNING THE ASSOCIATION OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE WITH THE WORLD PEACE COUNCIL. THE FRG (VON UTHMANN) REGRETTED HIS INABILITY TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE RESOLUTION. ALTHOUGH ITS WORDING WAS MORE MODERATE THAN THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S DRAFT, IT SHOULD HAVE DIFFERENTIATED BETWEEN APARTHEID AND DECOLONIZATION. HE STATED THAT THE OUTCOME OF THE HAVANA SEMINAR COULD BE EASILY PREDICTED AND WONDERED WHETHER THE CONSIDERABLE SUM OF MONEY NEEDED FOR IT COULD HAVE BEEN USED FOR A BETTER PURPOSE. HE POINTED OUT THAT DIFFERENCES AMONG THOSE OPPOSING APARTHEID CAN ONLY SERVE PRETORIA. DENMARK (SERUP) STATED THAT THE STRUGGLE AGAINST APARTHEID MUST BE AIMED AT THE SAG AND THAT DENMARK HAD RESERVATIONS ABOUT THE PROVISION CONCERNING AN INTERNATIONAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST GOVERNMENTS MAINTAINING CONTACTS WITH SOUTH AFRICA. JAPAN (KAMOSHIDA) ALSO EXPRESSED SOME DIFFICULTIES WITH THE WORDING OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS, WHILE THE NETHERLANDS (VROON) TERMED SOME WORDING INAPPLICABLE TO THE SITUATION AND BELIEVED THAT THE SEVERING OF ALL TIES WITH SOUTH AFRICA WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE TO THE ERADICATION OF APARTHEID.

IRELAND (CRAIG) WOULD HAVE PREFERRED THAT THE DRAFT DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THE SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA AND THE CLASSIC COLONIAL SITUATION, WHILE THE US (WHISTLER) STATED THAT IT ABSTAINED BECAUSE OF RESERVATIONS ON OPERATIVE PARAGRAPHS WHICH SPOKE OF CAMPAIGNS AGAINST GOVERNMENTS AND TRANSNATIONALS COLLABORATING WITH THE SAG. UK (BRIGHTLY) SAID THAT THE TEXT CONTAINED LANGUAGE MORE SUITABLE TO DECOLONIZATION THAN APARTHEID AND QUESTIONED THE APPROPRIATENESS OF A CAMPAIGN

AGAINST TRADE, WHILE ALSO NOTING THAT THE INCREASED FUNDS
REQUIRED COULD BE BETTER USED ELSEWHERE. ITALY (SCARANTINO)
TERMED ITS POSITIVE VOTE A MARK OF SUPPORT FOR NON-WHITE
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SOUTH AFRICANS, BUT OBSERVED THAT THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE'S
CAUSE WOULD HAVE BEEN BETTER SERVED IF IT HAD CONCENTRATED ON
APARTHEID INSTEAD OF INCLUDING EXTRANEIOUS ISSUES. THE
SPECIAL COMMITTEE ALSO SHOWED A LACK OF OBJECTIVITY AND
MADE ALLEGATIONS ABOUT WESTERN COUNTRIES WHICH HINDERED
CONSENSUS. CANADA (DUCLOS) EXPRESSED RESERVATIONS CONCERNING
THE USE OF THE WORD "COLLABORATION". (REPEATED INFO PRETORIA)

COMMITTEE 2 -- UNIDO, UNDRO

GENERAL DEBATE ON UNIDO ITEM WAS CONCLUDED NOV. 4 AFTER THE
COMMITTEE HAD HEARD SOME 70 STATEMENTS. UNDRO COORDINATOR
BERKOL, INTRODUCING ITEM ON UNDRO NOV. 5, FOCUSED ON THE SITUATION
OF PORTUGUESE RETURNEES, STRENGTHENING DISASTER PREVENTION/
PREPAREDNESS ACTIVITIES, AND THE CONVENING OF AN EXPERTS
CONSULTATIVE GROUP. REPRESENTATIVES OF 13 COUNTRIES PARTI-
CIPATED IN THE FIRST DAY'S DEBATE, AND ONLY ISSUE TO EMERGE WAS
LDC SUPPORT OF AND DC HESITANCY ABOUT PROVIDING ADDITIONAL
RESOURCES THROUGH VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TRUST
FUND. SOVIET BLOC REPRESENTATIVES CONTINUED THEIR PATTERN
OF IRRELEVANCE, WITH GDR DESCRIBING THE DEVASTATING EFFECT
OF NATURAL DISASTERS AS "A CONSEQUENCE OF COLONIAL RULE"
AND ROMANIAN CALLING FOR REDUCED ARMS EXPENDITURES. (OURTELS
5699, 5716)

COMMITTEE 2 ITEMS --

IN INFORMAL MEETING OF THE DELEGATIONS CONCERNED WITH THE
SOVIET DRAFT RESOLUTION ON UNIFIED APPROACH, THE SOVIETS
ACCEPTED MANY OF THE US SUGGESTIONS IN APPARENT ATTEMPT TO
WORK OUT A SATISFACTORY RESOLUTION. ONLY REMAINING MAJOR
DIFFICULTY IS US DESIRE TO DELETE IN PREAMBULAR PARAGRAPH
THE WORDS "THE IMPORTANCE OF THE AIMS AND POLICIES RECOMMENDED
IN" FOLLOWING TAKING INTO ACCOUNT RE NIEO, CERDS, ETC.

INDIAN DRAFT RESOLUTION ON UNDP NEW DIMENSIONS, WITH FURTHER
CHANGES, HAS NOW BEEN TABLED WITH 26 COSPONSORS, INCLUDING
SIX DEVELOPED COUNTRIES (AUSTRIA, DENMARK, THE NETHERLANDS,
NEW ZEALAND, NORWAY, SWEDEN) WHICH SEEMS TO POSE NO MAJOR
PROBLEM FOR THE US. DUTCH ARE STILL ASKING WHETHER THE US WISHES
TO COSPONSOR THE DRAFT RESOLUTION THEY HAVE SUBMITTED ON
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IMMEDIATE NEEDS. UPPER VOLTAN REPRESENTATIVE GAVE USDEL
THE TEXT OF THEIR DRAFT RESOLUTION ON DESERTIFICATION
CONFERENCE. ETHIOPIANS, IN GIVING USDEL TEXT OF DRAFT RESOLUTION
ON DROUGHT-STRICKEN AREAS OF ETHIOPIA, REQUESTED THAT US
CONSIDER CO-SPONSORING. (OURTELS 5707, 5708, 5721, 5727,
5731)

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DODE-00 EB-07 EA-09 SP-02 PM-04 H-02 HEW-06 INR-07

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TRSE-00 NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00 PRS-01 ISO-00

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AMEMBASSY NICOSIA

AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

/AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM
AMEMBASSY TOKYO

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COMMITTEE 4 -- FOREIGN ECONOMIC INTERESTS
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THE COMMITTEE NOV. 5 CONCLUDED ITS DEBATE ON ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND OTHER INTERESTS IMPEDING IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECOLONIZATION DECLARATION. COMMITTEE AGREED TO HEAR THE CHIEF MINISTER OF BELIZE NOV. 7. THE GUATEMALAN REPRESENTATIVE STATED THAT THE CHIEF MINISTER HAD NO RIGHT TO REPRESENT THE PEOPLE OF BELIZE OR SPEAK FOR THEM, WHILE THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE BAHAMAS WELCOMED THE COMMITTEE'S DECISION TO HEAR THE CHIEF MINISTER. ALTHOUGH MOST SPEAKERS ENDORSED THE CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE'S REPORT, JAPAN FOUND SOME OF THEM HARD TO ACCEPT. IRAQ (ARAI) DECLARED THAT THE US MERITED CONDEMNATION BY THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY BECAUSE OF ITS EXPLOITATION OF THE PEOPLE OF PUERTO RICO. HE ALSO CONDEMNED ZIONISM AND THE US INABILITY TO REPEAL THE BYRD AMENDMENT.

JAPAN (NAGAI) SAID THAT FOREIGN INTERESTS SHOULD NOT UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES HELP PERPETUATE COLONIAL DOMINATION AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION. HOWEVER, JAPAN FOUND IT DIFFICULT TO ACCEPT THE CLAIM THAT ALL ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND OTHER INTERESTS IN NSGT'S WERE PREJUDICIAL TO THE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC INTERESTS OF THE INDIGENOUS PEOPLES, BELIEVING THEY COULD MAKE A VALUABLE CONTRIBUTION TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE HUMAN AND NATURAL RESOURCES OF NSGT'S IF THEY WERE EFFECTIVELY CONTROLLED. THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE'S REPORT CONTAINED A NUMBER OF ERRONEOUS REFERENCES, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, TO JAPAN'S ECONOMIC INTERESTS IN SOUTHERN AFRICA THAT MIGHT HAVE CREATED THE IMPRESSION THAT JAPAN WAS ENCOURAGING ACTIVITIES IN THOSE AREAS CONTRARY TO UN RESOLUTIONS. GOJ REJECTED ALL CHARGES OF COLLUSION BETWEEN IT AND SOUTH AFRICA. WITH REGARD TO NAMIBIA, JAPAN IMPOSED A NUMBER OF RESTRICTIONS ON JAPANESE ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES. NO JAPANESE FIRMS WERE PERMITTED TO ESTABLISH THEMSELVES AND NONE POSSESSED MINING CONCESSIONS IN THE TERRITORY. BECAUSE URANIUM RESOURCES OF THE WORLD WERE UNEVENLY DISTRIBUTED, JAPAN WAS COMPELLED TO LOOK FOR URANIUM IN SOUTHERN AFRICA; HOWEVER, JAPAN HAD NO DEALINGS WITH SOUTH AFRICA WITH REGARD TO THE PROVISION OF A NUCLEAR REACTOR, NAGAI SAID.

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YUGOSLAVIA WELCOMED JAPAN'S PLEDGE TO STOP THE ACTIVITIES OF ITS COMPANIES WHICH PROMOTED RACISM AND COLONIALISM. THE SOVIET DEL DECLARED THAT IF THE PEOPLE OF SOUTHERN AFRICA DID NOT HAVE A CHOICE IT WAS THE FAULT OF THE MONOPOLIES. KENYA SAID IF SUCH COMPANIES DID NOT STOP THEIR ACTIVITIES THEY SHOULD BE BOYCOTTED. YEMEN COMPLAINED THAT THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE US, UK AND FRANCE HAD GIVEN FREE REIN TO THEIR COMPANIES. OMAN SAID THAT IF THE UN COULD NOT ACT, OTHER STEPS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED, ESPECIALLY WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF NON-ALIGNED AND GROUP OF 77. LIBYA MENTIONED THE TRIPLE VETO, AND UPPER VOLTA "FOUND A TERRIFYING GAP" BETWEEN THE BEHAVIOUR AND CLAIMS OF SOME COUNTRIES, ON THE ONE HAND, AND THEIR ACTIONS, ON THE OTHER. HUNGARY MENTIONED NATO AND STATED THAT NEARLY THE WHOLE OF NAMIBIA'S ECONOMY WAS OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY SOUTH AFRICA AND SOME WESTERN POWERS. MALAGASY REPRESENTATIVE SAID THE ENTIRE RHODESIAN ECONOMY WAS IN THE HANDS OF BRITISH, SOUTH AFRICAN AND AMERICAN FIRMS, AND HE DECLARED MADAGASCAR WAS PREPARED TO USE "REVOLUTIONARY FORCE" TO DISMANTLE FOREIGN INTERESTS OPERATING IN TERRITORIES UNDER IMPERIALIST DOMINATION. VIEWS WERE ALSO EXPRESSED BY REPRESENTATIVES OF ZAIRE, PHILIPPINES AND CONGO. (REPEATED INFO TOKYO)

COMMITTEE 5 -- PUBLICATIONS AND DOCUMENTATION

AS COMMITTEE RESUMED CONSIDERATION NOV. 6 OF ITEM 101 (PUBLICATIONS AND DOCUMENTATION), ALL SPEAKERS ENDORSED REPORTS OF SYG AND ACABQ, SUPPORTING SYG-PROPOSED CRITERIA, THOUGH A FEW EXPRESSED RESERVATIONS. ITEM ON JIU REPORTS WAS DEFERRED AFTER STATEMENTS BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF INDIA, USSR AND ARGENTINA. COMMITTEE THEN DECIDED ON FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS OF: 1) ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION -- ADDITIONAL \$10,000 REQUIRED UNDER SECT. 18 IN PROGRAM BUDGET 1976-77; 2) INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE -- NO ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS REQUIRED THIS YEAR. (OURTEL 5718)

COMMITTEE 6 -- HOST COUNTRY RELATIONS

COMMITTEE 6 CONTINUED DEBATE ON RELATIONS WITH THE HOST
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COUNTRY, HEARING STATEMENTS FROM THE UKRAINE, PARAGUAY, CANADA AND BULGARIA ON NOVEMBER 6. UKRAINE REFERRED TO THE JANUARY 19, 1975 SHOOTING INCIDENT AT THE SOVIET MISSION, NOTING THAT THE CRIMINALS HAD NOT YET BEEN BROUGHT TO BOOK AND COMPLAINING THAT MEASURES TAKEN UNDER THE ACT FOR THE PROTECTION OF FOREIGN OFFICIALS WERE INSUFFICIENT. APART FROM THE HIGH CRIME RATE, HE REMARKED THAT DIPLOMATS WERE SUBJECTED TO HOSTILE ACTIONS BY ZIONIST AND EMIGRE GROUPS, SPECIFICALLY CITING THE JDL. HE SUPPORTED THE RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE COMMITTEE'S REPORT. PARAGUAY CONDEMNED ALL ACTS AGAINST DIPLOMATS IN NEW YORK OR ANYWHERE, BUT NOTED AWARENESS OF OBSTACLES FOR THE POLICE AND JUDICIARY. OBSERVING THAT IMMUNITY OF JURISDICTION MAKES THE MERE IDENTIFICATION OF CRIMINALS DIFFICULT, HE REMARKED THAT IF THE DIPLOMATIC COMMUNITY WISHED TO BRING CRIMINALS TO TRIAL, IT WOULD HAVE TO DEVISE A FORMULA TO ENABLE COOPERATION WITH LOCAL AUTHORITIES. DIPLOMATS SHOULD NOT ACCUSE AUTHORITIES OF COLLUSION IN ACTS AGAINST MISSION, AS DESPITE ITS FINANCIAL SITUATION, NEW YORK MAINTAINED SPECIAL SAFETY MEASURES FOR THE DIPLOMATIC COMMUNITY. HE ALSO CALLED FOR GREATER UNDERSTANDING OF DIPLOMATS' PROBLEMS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRAFFIC.

CANADA SAID THAT INCIDENTS AGAINST DIPLOMATS WERE ALWAYS DEPLORABLE, AND NOTED THAT US DIPLOMATS HAD BEEN VICTIMS OF ACTS ABROAD. HE ADDED THAT THE COMMITTEE SHOULD TAKE ACCOUNT OF THE COMPLAINTS OF NEW YORK CITIZENS TOO. BULGARIA STATED THAT HIGH PRIORITY HAD TO BE GIVEN TO THE SECURITY OF MISSIONS AND THE SAFETY OF THEIR PERSONNEL, AND NOTED THAT HOST COUNTRY MEASURES IN THIS REGARD HAD PROVEN INADEQUATE ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS. HE EXPRESSED DIFFICULTY IN COMPREHENDING OBSTACLES DUE TO A CONFLICT BETWEEN FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS, BUT SUBSCRIBED TO THE APPRECIATION EXPRESSED BY THE COMMITTEE FOR THE WORK OF THE NYC COMMISSION FOR THE UN AND CONSULAR CORPS.

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INFO OCT-01 ACDA-10 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-10 CIAE-00 COME-00

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AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

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UNICEF PLEDGING CONFERENCE --

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AMOUNT OF \$70,456,000 WAS PLEDGED NOV. 6 BY 90 GOVERNMENTS FOR GENERAL RESOURCES OF UNICEF IN 1976. UNICEF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR LABOUISSSE ANNOUNCED THAT ANOTHER \$2,509,000 HAD BEEN PLEDGED FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSES, SOME \$20,300,000 WAS ANTICIPATED FROM GOVERNMENTS WHICH WERE NOT ABLE TO MAKE PLEDGES, AND THIS MEANT A TOTAL OF \$93,265,000 FOR UNICEF. HE SAID THAT ON THE BASIS OF A CONSERVATIVE ESTIMATE HE ANTICIPATED A SEVEN PERCENT INCREASE IN FUNDS CONTRIBUTED BY GOVERNMENTS FOR GENERAL RESOURCES FOR NEXT YEAR OVER 1975 LEVELS. HE EXPRESSED PARTICULAR THANKS TO THE 32 GOVERNMENTS THAT HAD INCREASED THEIR PLEDGES, BUT HE ALSO DREW ATTENTION TO THE GREAT NEED FOR INCREASED RESOURCES. OPENING STATEMENT WAS

MADE BY THE SYG. MEGUID (EGYPT) WAS ELECTED AS PRESIDENT AND LINDENBERG SETTE (BRAZIL) AND YORK (FRG) AS VICE PRESIDENTS. THE PRESIDENT STATED THAT THE DPRK OBSERVER HAD WRITTEN TO EXPRESS APPRECIATION FOR THE COOPERATION OF UNICEF, PARTICULARLY IN THE RECONSTRUCTION OF SCHOOLS.

AMONG THE LARGE CONTRIBUTIONS ANNOUNCED NOV. 6 WERE: SWEDEN -- \$14 MILLION; CANADA -- \$10 MILLION; NORWAY -- \$5.5 MILLION; UK -- \$4,742,000; SWITZERLAND -- \$3.9 MILLION; NETHERLANDS -- \$3.6 MILLION; FRG -- \$3,361,000; DENMARK -- \$1.5 MILLION; INDIA -- \$1,250,000; SAUDI ARABIA -- \$1 MILLION. SCELSE STATED THAT THE US CONGRESS WAS CONSIDERING A PROPOSAL FOR AN INCREASE OVER THE 1975 CONTRIBUTION, WHICH WAS \$17 MILLION.

COMMITTEE OF 24 -- SPANISH SAHARA

THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON DECOLONIZATION TOOK UP THE REPORT OF THE UN VISITING MISSION TO SPANISH SAHARA (L.1063 AND ADD. 1-8). THE REPORT WAS INTRODUCED BY THE MISSION CHAIRMAN AKE (IVORY COAST) AND STATEMENTS WERE MADE BY PISHVA (IRAN), ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE MISSION, AND BY SPAIN, MOROCCO, MAURITANIA AND ALGERIA. THE COMMITTEE DECIDED, AFTER A PROCEDURAL DEBATE, TO CONTINUE CONSIDERATION OF THE REPORT AT ITS NEXT MEETING. AKE AND PISHVA DESCRIBED THEIR MISSION'S TASK AS A COMPLEX ONE AND STATED THAT THE UN HAD AN IMPORTANT ROLE TO PLAY IN THE DECOLONIZATION AND STABILIZATION OF THE SAHARA. SPAIN, MAURITANIA AND ALGERIA PRAISED

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THE COMMITTEE'S WORK, WITH MAURITANIA RESERVING THE RIGHT TO SPEAK FURTHER IN COMMITTEE 4. MOROCCO ASKED THAT THE COMMITTEE POSTPONE DISCUSSION OF THE REPORT AND LEAVE IT TO COMMITTEE 4, WHERE IT RESERVED THE RIGHT TO DISCUSS THE MATTER.

MULTINATIONAL CORPORATIONS -- NEW CHARTER

IN PRESS STATEMENT UPON TAKING UP HIS NEW DUTIES, SAHLGREN CALLED THE NEW CENTER ON MULTINATIONAL CORPORATIONS A "MAJOR NEW ACTIVITY OF THE UN" WHICH HAS ATTRACTED "UNUSUAL EXPECTATIONS" AND MUST MEET THE CHALLENGE OF TANGIBLE RESULTS. THE GOAL IS IMPROVEMENT OF THE WHOLE CLIMATE BETWEEN GOVERNMENTS AND MULTINATIONALS, AND EVENTUALLY TO ACHIEVE INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS CALLING FOR GOVERNMENT COOPERATION, AND HARMONIZATION OF NATIONAL LAWS WITH THE OBJECTIVES OF MULTINATIONALS. IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION, HE SAID THE CODE OF CONDUCT WILL SPELL OUT APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM OF CORRUPT PRACTICES OF MULTINATIONALS. (OURTEL 5722)

UN MEETINGS NOV. 7 --

A.M. - GA PLENARY, COMMITTEES 1, 2, 3, 4, AND 5

P.M. - GA PLENARY, COMMITTEES 1, 2, 5, AND 6
MOYNIHAN

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